## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): A process for preparing a β-diketone compound represented by the following formula (3), comprising a step 1 of reacting an ester compound represented by the following formula (1) with a ketone compound represented by the following formula (2) in the presence of an alkali metal alkoxide catalyst, in at least one solvent selected from liquid amide having no hydrogen at the α-position relative to the carbonyl group and liquid urea having no hydrogen at the  $\alpha$ -position relative to the carbonyl group,

$$CR^1R^2R^3COOQ$$
 (1)

wherein  $R^1$  to  $R^3$  are each independently hydrogen or an alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and O is an alkyl group,

$$CR^4R^5R^6COCH_2R^7$$
 (2)

wherein R<sup>4</sup> to R<sup>6</sup> are each independently hydrogen or an alkyl group of 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen or an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

$$CR^{1}R^{2}R^{3}COCHR^{7}COCR^{4}R^{5}R^{6}$$
(3)

wherein R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>7</sup> have the same meanings as defined above and at least one of R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen.

2. (canceled). AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q91566

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3. (original): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the compound represented by the formula (1) is an alkyl isobutyrate, the compound represented by the formula (2) is 3-methylbutanone, and the compound represented by the formula (3) is 2,6-dimethyl-3,5-heptanedione.

- 4. (canceled).
- 5. (canceled).
- 6. (canceled).
- 7. (currently amended): The process as claimed in claim-6\_3, wherein the solvent is N,N-dimethylformamide and/or 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone.
- 8. (currently amended): The process as claimed in claim-4\_3, wherein the amount of the solvent used is in the range of 3 to 30 times by mass based on the 3-methylbutanone.
- 9. (previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 3, wherein the alkali metal of the alkali metal alkoxide catalyst is sodium or potassium.
- 10. (original): The process as claimed in claim 9, wherein the alcohol portion of the alkali metal alkoxide catalyst is a tertiary alcohol.

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11. (previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 3, wherein the amount of

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the alkali metal alkoxide catalyst used is in the range of 1 to 10 times by mol based on the 3-

methylbutanone.

12. (original): The process as claimed in claim 3, comprising a step 1 of synthesizing

2,6-dimethyl-3,5-heptanedione by reacting the alkyl isobutyrate with the 3-methylbutanone in

the presence of the alkali metal alkoxide catalyst and a step 2 of adding an acid to the reaction

solution of 2,6-dimethyl-3,5-heptanedione to perform neutralization and adding water to the

solution to separate the solution into two layers and thereby isolate the 2,6-dimethyl-3,5-

heptanedione as an oil layer.

13. (original): The process as claimed in claim 12, wherein the acid is at least one

acid selected from sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid and nitric acid.

14. (previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 12, comprising

recovering the alkyl isobutyrate, 3-methylbutanone and the solvent from the oil layer containing

2,6-dimethyl-3,5-heptanedione by distillation separation and reusing them in the reaction.

15 -29. (canceled).

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